哈 32 中 2023~2024 学年度上学期 9 月考试	听第8段材料,回答第10至12题。				
ᆇᅸᆂᅸ	10. What plays an important role in keeping one healthy according to the man?				
<u>英语试题</u>	A. Doing exercise. B. Having breakfast. C. Drinking enough water.				
(考试范围:综合 适用班级:高三学年)	11. Who's the woman?				
I 听力(30分)	A. The man's patient. B. Barry's sister. C. Bob's mother.				
⑦ 第一节 (共5小题;每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)	12. What is the man's last piece of advice?				
听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。	A. Having enough sleep.				
听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。	B. Eating in a healthy way.				
1. What will the weather be like this afternoon?	C. Drinking a glass of milk every day.				
A. Rainy. B. Windy. C. Sunny.	听第9段材料,回答第13至16题。				
2. Where does the conversation most probably take place?	13. What upset the man ten years ago?				
A. In an office. B. In a restaurant. C. At home.	A. He could no longer run.				
3. What does the boy want to be in the future?	B. He caused a car accident.				
A. A lawyer. B. A businessman. C. A professor.	C. He had no friends around him.				
4. What is the man doing?	14. How did the man's parents react when he decided to run in the LA Marathon?				
A. Asking for permission. B. Expressing thanks. C. Offering help.	A. They felt proud.				
5. What does the man mean?	B. They encouraged him greatly.				
A. He'll deliver the luggage by car.	C. They didn't think he would make it.				
B. He won't take the luggage with him.	15. How often did the man train himself?				
C. He doesn't need any help with the luggage.	A. Every day. B. Twice a week. C. Five days a week.				
第二节 (共15小题;每小题1.5分,满分22.5分)	16. What encouraged the man two years ago?				
	A. A friend's words.				
听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中	B. A great man's deeds. C. The LA Marathon runners' spirit. 听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。				
选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题5秒钟;听完后,各小题					
将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。					
听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。	17. What do the children prefer to bring in America?				
6. How long will the man stay at the hotel?	A. The breakfast box. B. The lunch box. C. The supper box.				
A. For 2 days. B. For 4 days. C. For 6 days.	18. Which meal is the most important meal of the day in America?				
7. What kind of room did the man book?	A. Breakfast. B. Lunch. C. Dinner.				
A. A single room with a big balcony.	19. Who usually cooked dinner for their families in the past in America?				
B. A double room with a big window.	A. Women. B. Men. C. Both A and B.				
C. A double room with a big balcony.	20. What time is dinner usually eaten in America?				
听第7段材料,回答第8、9题。	A. Between 5 : 00 p. m. and 7 : 00 p. m				
8. What does the man want to be?	B. Between 5 : 00 p. m. and 6 : 00 p. m				
A. A cook. B. A computer programmer. C. A cameraman.	C. Between 6 : 00 p. m. and 7 : 00 p. m				
9. Where does the man work now?					
A. In a restaurant.B. In a computer company.C. At a school.					
	II 阅读理解(每小题3分,共45分)				
	А				

Paris is the capital of France, a country in the west of Europe. It is also one of the most beautiful and most famous cities in the world.

Paris is called the City of Light. It is also an international fashion center. What modern women are wearing in Paris will_a soon be worn by many women in other parts of the world. Paris is also a famous world center of education. For instance, the <u>headquarters</u> of UNESCO, the United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization, is in Paris.

The Seine River divides the city into two parts. Thirty-two bridges cross this scenic river. The oldest and perhaps most well-known is the Pont Neuf, which was built in the sixteenth century. The Sorbonne, a famous university, is located on the Left Bank (south side) of the river. The beautiful white church Sacre Coeur lies on top of the hill called Montmartre on the Right Bank (north bank) of the Seine.

There are many other famous places in Paris, such as the famous museum the Louvre as well as the cathedral of Notre Dame. However, the most famous landmark in this city must be the Eiffel Tower.

Paris is named after a group of people called the Parisii. They built a small village on an island in the middle of the Seine River about two thousand years ago. This island, called the le de la Cite, is where Notre Dame is located. Today around eight million people live in the Paris area.

21. The best title for the text would be _____.

A. The City of Paris		B. The French Language			
C. Education and Cultur	re in France	D. The Eiffel Tower, the Symbol of Paris			
22. The under.lined word "headquarters" (paragraph 2) means					
A. 头衔	B. 研究中心	C. 主题	D. 总部		
23. We can infer from the text that Notre Dame is located					
A. on the Right B-ank	B. on the Left Bank	C. on neither bank	D. on both banks		
24. The Pont Neuf was built					
A. in the 1500s	B. in the 1600s				
C. in the 1700s	D. in the 1400s				
	В				

Yellowstone National Park attracts lots of visitors all the year round because of its unique landscapes. But usually the tour there is not so common as you think. So checking the information listed below is a must while planning your trip and before you arrive.

Weather

Yellowstone's weather can vary quite a bit, even in a single day. In the summer, daytime highs can exceed 70°F (21°C), only to drop 20 or more degrees when a thunderstorm rolls through. It can snow during any month of the year, and winter lows frequently drop below 0°F (-18°C), especially at night. Bring a range of clothing options, including a warm jacket and rain gear, even in the summer.

Fees & Passes

1. Yellowstone (non-commercial vehicle)- \$35.00

2. Yellowstone (motorcycle or snowmobile)- \$30.00

3. Yellowstone (individual on foot, bicycle, etc.) -\$20.00

Cheek out our Fees & Passes web page to learn more about entrance fees, annual passes, and more.

Visitor Center

Open 9:00 AM—5:00 PM from Sunday to Saturday except Thanksgiving.

Here you can gather park information, orient yourself to the rest of the park (including road conditions. and campground and lodge availability), shop for souvenirs, explore exhibits to learn more about the wildlife and history of Yellowstone. This visitor center also has free Wi-Fi.

Internet & Cellular Access

Public WiFi is available.

Free public Wi-Fi is available at Albright Visitor Center (Mammoth). Wi-Fi is available at some park lodges for registered guests. Check at hotel front desks or in NPS Yellowstone app for details.

Cell service is extremely limited, with reception only available in or near major developed areas: Mammoth Hot Springs, Old Faithful, West Thumb and Grant Village, Lake Village and Fishing Bridge, Canyon Village to Tower Junction, and near the West Entrance. In summer, service is often used up in these areas.

25. How does one visit Yellowstone if he plans to save money most?

Α.	Riding a bicycle.	В.	Driving your private car.			
С.	Driving a motorcycle.	D.	Riding a snowmobile.			
26. Which of the following statements is NOT true?						
A. Bring a range of clothing options is advisable.						
B. Several means of transport is allowed to enter the Yellowstone.						
С.	2. Visitor Center is closed on Thanksgiving.					
D. Visitors can get cell service all the year round.						
27. Where do you think the passage is from?						
Α.	A tourist guide book.	В.	A web page.			
C.	A scientific research.	D.	An entertainment magazine.			

С

When I first set foot on Mexican soil, I spoke Spanish well. So when I asked a local ice-cream seller for an ice-cream, and he said "ahorita," which directly translates to "right now," I took him at his word, believing that its arrival was immediate.

I sat near his shop and waited. Half an hour passed and still no ice-cream arrived, so I asked again about it. "Ahorita," he told me again. His face was a mix of confusion and maybe even embarrassment.

I was <u>torn</u>. Waiting longer wasn't pleasant, but I felt it was impolite to walk away, especially if the ice-cream was now being delivered just for me. But finally, after waiting too long, I made a rush for the nearest bus to take me home. As I left, I signalled at my wrist and shrugged to the ice-cream seller. Obviously, I couldn't wait any longer and it really wasn't my fault. His face was, once again, one of total confusion.

This experience faded from my memory until years later when I came back to live in Mexico. I discovered

that understanding "ahorita" took not a fluency in the language, but rather a fluency in the culture. When someone from Mexico says "ahorita," it should almost never be taken literally (照字面地); its meaning changes greatly with context. As a linguist told me, "Ahorita could mean tomorrow, in an hour, within five years or never." It is even used as a polite way of saying "no, thanks" when refusing an offer.

Since I moved to Mexico, my attitude towards time has changed dramatically. I don't worry so much about being late; I am generally still on time for appointments, but when I'm not, I don't panic. Ironically, it would seem that "Ahorita Time" has actually allowed me to live far more in the "right now" than I ever did before.

B. A fluency in the language.

D. Its unchangeable meaning.

28. Why did the author believe that his ice-cream's arrival was immediate?

- A. Because the seller told him that it would be served soon.
- B. Because he was confident of the direct translation of "ahorita".
- C. Because the ice-cream shop was not crowded.
- D. Because he asked about it again and the seller answered the same.
- 29. What does the underlined word "torn" mean in the third paragraph?
- A. tired. B. too hungry to move.C. unable to decide. D. thirsty.
- 30. What should be paid attention to when understanding "ahorita"?
 - A. A fluency in the culture.
 - C. Translating it literally.
- 31. Which is the best title of the passage?
 - A. The importance of understanding foreign cultures
 - B. The different meanings of "ahorita"
 - C. How interesting Spanish is
 - D. The confusing way Mexicans tell time
 - D

Cats are very smart. They are one of the smartest animals. The brain of a cat is large. It is highly developed. This may be why cats have good memories. Cats remember kindness and cruelty. It is a good idea to treat a cat well. Cats can "speak" too. They meow for attention. Often they stand by a door. Then they meow. Then they look over their shoulders. They want to see if their owners are coming. Cats make other noises also. They purr(猫发出的咕噜声)when they are happy. They hiss when they are angry.

Cats have a lot of pride. They don't usually do silly tricks. Almost all cats want to have their own way. They are mostly true to only one person. They don't switch loyalty easily. Cats were free in the wild. They want to stay that way. They like to be their own masters. When a cat is left alone, it can go back to caring for itself. It can live in the wild again. This is different from dogs. Dogs will switch their loyalty. At one time dogs were loyal to the leaders of their packs. Now, they will transfer allegiance(忠诚)to their owner. They do not like to be alone.

With kindness, a cat can be trained. Cats can learn to do many things. Some cats can learn to open doors. Some can ring doorbells. Some can even turn on water tap. Then they take a drink. Cats are very smart. Before drinking, they put a paw in the water. They test whether the water is hot or cold. 32.What is the best title for this passage? A. The Difference Between Dogs and Cats. B. The Characteristics of Cats.

- C. Loyal Animals. D. How to Keep Cats?
- 33. It's interesting to have cats around ourselves because

A.they always switch their loyalty B. they like to do silly tricks

- C. they will hiss when they are happy D they are smart and have good memories
- 34.Many cats like to go outside because they_____

A. have paws and sharp teeth. B. like freedom

C. are smarter than dogs D. like to enjoy fresh air.

- 35. The last paragraph mainly shows that _____
- A. cats can test whether the water is cold or not
- B. cats know how to turn on the water tap

C. cats are smart

D. cats know how to open a door

III 完形填空(每小题1分,共30分)

My brother and I were alone in our apartment. My parents had gone for a party and had left me in<u>36</u>. I was doing my homework while my younger brother was watching television. <u>37</u> the doorbell rang. My younger brother rushed to the door thinking that our parents had come home; he unlocked the door and <u>38</u> it. Outside, stood a tall man wearing a black raincoat. He said that he was a salesman and asked<u>39</u> if our mother or father was at home.

Without <u>40</u>, my brother said, "No." He asked if we would like to<u>41</u> some comic books, which he was selling. I quickly explained that we were not <u>42</u> to buy anything without our parents' <u>43</u>. Then, as I was about to close the door, he <u>44</u> his way into our house. He took out a <u>45</u> and forced me to <u>46</u> up my brother's hands with some rope. I tied up his hands but I tied it in a <u>47</u> way so my brother could untie himself. The man then tied my hands up and <u>48</u> both of us in the kitchen<u>49</u>, he went upstairs to search the bedroom for <u>50</u>. I managed to teach my brother to untie the rope. He then united me. I <u>51</u> to the telephone to call the police, but the line was <u>52</u>. The doors were all locked from the outside .Luckily, the robber <u>53</u> to lock the kitchen window. My brother managed to get out of the house <u>54</u> the window.

My brother brought the police to our house and the robber was caught. The police<u>55</u> us for our good work.

36.	Α.	danger	Β.	charge	С.	surprise	D.	mess
37.	Α.	Carefully	Β.	Quietly	С.	Loudly	D.	Suddenly
38.	Α.	opened	Β.	shut	С.	fastened	D.	held
39.	Α.	nervously	Β.	rudely	С.	politely	D.	anxiously
40.	Α.	thinking	Β.	watching	С.	waiting	D. (questioning
41.	Α.	read	Β.	keep	С.	sell	D.	buy
42.	Α.	planned	Β.	supposed	С.	determined	D.	pleased
43.	Α.	purpose	Β.	money	С.	permission	D.	absence
44.	Α.	forced	Β.	fought	С.	felt	D.	doll
45.	Α.	rope	Β.	knife	С.	stick	D.	doll

46.	Α.	break	B. cover	C. dress	D. tie
47.	Α.	fine	B. careless	C. special	D. possible
48.	Α.	locked	B. left	C. station	ed D. beat
49.	Α.	Anyway	B. Soon	C. Still	D. Otherwise
50.	Α.	Saving	B. belongings	C. nobles	D. valuables
51.	Α.	moved	B. headed	C. rushed	D. knocked
52.	Α.	dead	B. stolen	C. off	D. short
53.	Α.	tried	B. forgot	C. delayed	D. preferred
54.	Α.	over	B. by	C. through	D. in
55.	Α.	admitted	B. rewarded	C. admired	D. thanked

IV 语法填空(每小题1分,共10分)

Located in the north-cast of Italy, Venice is <u>56</u> (know) as "The Floating City". Venice is not a single island. It is made up of over 100 small islands, <u>57</u> are connected by waterways and bridges. Even today, boats remain the most common way to travel around. Look anywhere in Venice, <u>58</u> you will see <u>59</u> (tradition) boats called "gondola".

<u>60</u> (fortunate), water is also putting Venice in great danger. The Floating City is, in fact, sinking. But these floods could now be a thing of the past, thanks <u>61</u> a new flood prevention project. Dozens of gates have been built to hold back the sea. Each of these gates <u>62</u> (be) 20 meters wide, with the longest about 30 meters long, which will be raised to separate the city from the sea.

But only time will tell if this project is the right solution. The important thing is that action is being taken <u>63</u> (protect) the city's future <u>64</u> (generation). And if it works, it means <u>65</u> longer, drier future for Venice.

V 英汉互译(10分)

1.组织 v	2.呼吸 v
3.惊慌 n	4.志愿者 n
5.镇静的 adj	6.毕业 v
7.参考, 查阅 v	8.改善,改进 v
9.奋斗,拼搏 v	10.机会 n

VI 书面表达(25 分)

假如你是李华,写封电子邮件向你的英国笔友介绍你的新学校和老师。

1. 第一天我对学校的印象深刻

2. 首先,新学校和我从前的学校一点都不一样

3. 我对我的班主任老师印象深刻, 他热情, 工作态度积极

4. 他的课如此有趣,以至于我总是很期待

5. 最后,在老师的指导和鼓励下,我下定决心积极参加课外活动,我的同学也是如此

6. 我坚信我们一定会取得巨大进步

注意: 1.词数 100 左右;

2. 可适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

Dear Peter,

__ Li Hua