高三期初质量检测试卷 • 英语

注意:本试卷满分 150 分,考试时间 120 分钟;所有答案填写在答题卡上,否则无效。

第一部分听力(共两节,满分30分)

第一节(共5小题;每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- 1. What is Hailee going to do this afternoon?
 - A. Take part in an activity.
 - B. Hang out with Alex.
 - C. Prepare for an exam.
- 2. How much should the man pay?

A. \$2.10.

B. \$2.30.

C. \$3.60.

3. What is probably the woman?

A. A shop assistant.

B. A customer.

C. A manager.

4. What does Lily think of eating raw food?

A. Harmful.

B. Healthy.

C. Strange.

- 5. Why does the woman move house?
 - A. For friendly neighbors.
 - B. For a convenient location.
 - C.For a comfortable living environment.

第二节 (共15小题; 每小题1.5分, 满分22.5分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有 5 秒钟的时间阅读各个小题,听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料,回答第6至7题。

- 6. What does the woman say about the package?
 - A. It's not urgent.
 - B. It's not valuable.
 - C.It needs to get to London tomorrow.
- 7. How much should the woman pay?

A. \$15.

B. \$19.

C. \$22.

听第7段材料,回答第8至9题。

8. Who does Nick probably want to talk with at first?

A. Miss Brown.

B. Mr. Hunter.

C. Mrs. Collins.

9. When will the speakers meet?

A. At 11:00 am.

B. At 2:00 pm.

C. At 2:15 pm.

听第8段材料,回答第10至12题。

- 10. What will the woman probably use the car for?
 - A. Picking up her kid.
 - B. Going sightseeing.
 - C. Visiting her parents.
- 11. What does the man say about electric cars?
 - A. They're less expensive.
 - B. They require much maintenance.
 - C. They're environment-friendly.

12. Why does the man know so much about cars? A. He's a professional driver. B. He's interested in cars. C. He's a car salesman. 听第9段材料,回答第13至16题。 13. What makes the woman want to quit her current job? A. The poor job prospects. B. The low salary. C. Endless overtime. 14. How did the woman know about the position? A. From a newspaper. B. On the Internet. C. From a friend. 15. What job is the woman interested in? A. A director. B. A fashion editor. C. An advertising designer. 16. How does the woman probably sound? C. Confident. A. Nervous. B. Modest. 听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。 17. How many African countries has Dieuveil Malonga visited? B. 38. C. 54. A. 30. 18. What did Dieuveil Malonga do? A. He set up a website. B. He offered cooking courses. C. He opened a Michelin-starred restaurant. 19. Why did Dieuveil Malonga give the example of Nigeria? A. To show the differences between countries. B. To promote his restaurants in Nigeria. C. To emphasize the diversity of African food. 20. Where did Dieuveil Malonga open a restaurant in 2020? A. In Germany. B. In France. C. In Rwanda.

第二部分阅读(共两节,满分50分)

第一节 (共15小题; 每小题2.5分, 满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Wintery world

Family activity/December 10, 2023

Free

Explore the winter in this exciting event, full of art, crafts and exploration. Experience an exciting journey, wandering through cold, beautiful landscapes, before returning to the warmth of light and color. We'll look at scenes of winter from across the world in our collection, with the opportunity to create a wintery masterpiece to take home and display.

Out-of-hours tour: life and death in ancient Egypt

December 11, 2023-December 19, 2023

£ 33, £ 30(Members), £16.50(Ages 5-15), free for under 5 and disabled visitors' assistant

Discover how people lived and died in ancient Egypt, and explore their hopes and aspirations for the afterlife. From painted coffins, statues and models of daily life, to spectacular wall paintings, investigate what tombs and burial goods tell

us about the lives of ancient Egyptian people.

The world of Stonehenge

February 17, 2024-July 17, 2024

Tickets will go on sale in early December

Stonehenge is perhaps the world's most awe-inspiring ancient stone circle, and its image is famous around the globe. This major exhibition is the first of its kind in the U.K. It will bring the story of Stonehenge into sharper focus, showing that rather than a shadowy age of mystery, Britain and Ireland of four millennia ago were places of big ideas, commerce and

Around the world in a 70-minute tour

December 10, 2023-December 19, 2023

Adults and children aged 12+, £ 14

Explore some of the most famous objects on display at the Museum on this guided highlight tour. Follow our knowledgeable tour guide on a journey of discovery around the galleries. See the complex detail of the characterful Lewis Chessmen, marvel at the ancient texts on the world-famous Rosetta Stone and get closer to many more highlights from the collection.

21. If you're interes	ted in ancient British lives,	you can choose	·
A. Wintery world		B. Out-of-hours tour	
C. The world of Stonehenge		D. Around the world in a 70-minute tour	
22.How much should	ld a member pay to visit <i>Oi</i>	ut-of-hours tour with 2 kid	ds aged 3 and 13?
A. £ 28.	B. £ 30.	C. £ 46.5.	D. £ 63.
23. Where can we pr	obably find the text?		
A. In a travel leaflet.		B. In a science re	port.
C. In a fashion magazine.		D. In a history co	ursebook.
		В	

Every November, as Thanksgiving Day approaches, one memory comes to my mind. At my big Turkish family's get-togethers, baklava(果仁蜜饼)is the norm at the dessert table. There's rolled baklava, nut-filled baklava and chocolate-dipped baklava.

One year, though, back when I was in high school, my cousin Johnny decided to change things up a bit. He showed up at my parents' house for Thanksgiving with two items that had never been served before---apple pie and a can of cream.

Those two items caused one of the biggest arguments. I distinctly remember my mom and aunts whispering in the kitchen.

"Apple pie?" one of my aunts said. "What to do with this?"

I can still recall my mom's puzzled expression at it all. If there's one thing in this world my mom distrusts, it's fruit-filled desserts, a no-no in our cuisine culture." Why would you bake fruits into a dessert when you can eat them fresh?"she often says.

The cream only made things worse. My mom didn't want to hurt Johnny's feelings. In a true act of love, she put the pie out on the dining room table, accompanied by the cream. It went mostly untouched.

Nowadays, things are different. We actually have pie at Thanksgiving---my mom regularly makes pie (the fear of fruit-filled sweets continues, but desserts topped with fruits or nuts have been given the okay). We still laugh about the drama caused by Johnny's apple pie. I'll never forget it. It wasn't just about the pie for me. Growing up, I sometimes felt like an outsider because of my culture. That Thanksgiving, though, was one of the first times I realized that my family's oddness was actually a good thing. It's what made us.

What about you? Which Thanksgiving sticks out	as your most memorable one?
24. The purpose of the first paragraph is to introduce	·
A. the unique family tradition	B. the background of the story
C. different kinds of baklava	D. the customs of Thanksgiving Day
25.Johnny's apple pie	
A. ruined the festival atmosphere	B. challenged family traditions
C. resulted in a family quarrel	D. contributed to a heavy meal
26. Which of the following is the best description of t	he author's mom?

A. Serious and honest.

B. Generous and strict.

C. Humorous and caring.

- D. Considerate and flexible.
- 27. What does the underlined sentence "It's what made us." in Paragraph 7 imply?
 - A. The author is at ease with his family members.
 - B. The author is aware of the importance of customs.
 - C. Cuisine culture helps shape our identity.
 - D. Culture shocks make a harmonious family.

 \mathbf{C}

People often recommend planting trees to make cities greener, cleaner and healthier. But during heat waves, city trees can actually increase air pollution. Indeed, a new study has found, up to 60 percent of the smoggy ozone in a city's air on hot days may trace to chemicals emitted by trees. Galina Churkina, who works at Humboldt University of Berlin, and her team have confirmed it.

The findings might seem the opposite of what you would expect, notes Robert Young, an expert in city planting at the University of Texas at Austin. Indeed, he says, "Everything has multiple effects." The new findings do not mean cities should discourage tree planting. Instead, cities may need stricter controls on other sources of pollution, such as tailpipeemissions from cars and trucks.

City trees soak up carbon dioxide, and at the same time they release oxygen into the air. But oxygen is far from the only gas that trees and certain other green plants release into the air. One of these chemicals is a hydrocarbon known as isoprene(异戊二烯). It can react with combustion(燃烧)pollutants, such as nitrogen oxides(氮氧化物)emitted by cars and trucks in cities. The result is the formation of ozone, a component of smog, which can irritate the lungs and cause airway diseases.

Churkina says her team is not surprised to see the seemingly contrary relationship between plants and pollution. She adds that its importance is quite amazing. "The results," Churkina says, "suggest that city tree planting programs should not ignore the role this greenery may play in <u>aggravating</u> summer air pollution." "Adding more trees will improve quality of life only if those cities also undertake plans to sharply cut vehicle pollution in summer and to increase their reliance on clean energy sources for electric power," she says.

- 28. What does the new study find about city trees on hot days?
 - A. City trees can reduce the smoggy ozone.
 - B. City trees may easily absorb heat waves.
 - C. City trees may cause more air pollution.
 - D. More city trees can make a city far better.
- 29. What is the third paragraph mainly about?
 - A. The harm ozone does to people in cities.
 - B. The way trees help the formation of ozone.
 - C. The chemicals green plants release into the air.
 - D. The benefits trees bring to the city environment.
- 30. What does the underlined word "aggravating" mean in the last paragraph?
 - A.Worsening.
- B. Decreasing.
- C. Improving.
- D. Releasing.

- 31. Which of the following is suggested by Churkina?
 - A. Planting more trees in cities.
 - B. Advocating using clean energy.
 - C. Improving people's quality of life.
 - D. Banning vehicle pollution in summer.

D

Technology is starting to give us superpowers once reserved only for comic book heroes like Spider-Man and Superman. We now live in an age of human enhancement and related technology has captured the attention of the media and investors.

Some of these new technologies achieve their effects by means of electronic devices that connect our brains to external sources of knowledge, sensory data or physical power. We may not get chips implanted in our brains any time soon, but think about Google Glass---who needs an inserted chip when you can wear a computer on your head?

Wearable technology doesn't only come in the form of a pair of glasses. A Japanese laboratory is working on a more practical prototype(维形) of a muscle suit than Iron Man's shiny armor(盔甲). The muscle suit, called an exoskeleton, enables the sick and elderly to move around more easily, *New Scientist* magazine reported. Coveting(觊觎)the powers of Spider-Man, the US military is working on a "Spider-Man suit" that not only lets wearers climb vertical walls, but also allows them to sense approaching objects without looking at or hearing them, according to an American military technology website.

But perhaps you favor more subtle powers like mind control or mind reading. This may one day come true as well. The most amazing human enhancement technologies that have come into reality are devices that interact directly with the human brain.

Q Sensor, created by scientists at MIT, is a wireless sensor that measures electricity conducted through the skin. It can detect whether people are bored, stressed or excited, and therefore has wide applications in research and therapy, the BBC reported.

Scientists envision neural implants that could allow humans to manipulate real-world objects with their mind---a power not unlike mind control. *Slate* magazine reported this might already be happening.

- 32. What can be learned from the first two paragraphs?
 - A. New technologies have brought us into a new era.
 - B. Superpowers of comic book heroes have been widely applied nowadays.
 - C. Human enhancement refers to the superpowers of the comic book heroes.
 - D. Spider-Man and Superman have captured the attention of the media and investors.
- 33. What can we know about Google Glass?
 - A. It is implanted in our brains.
 - B. It is technology with inserted chips.
 - C. It is a device which makes us superheroes.
 - D. It is a technology that enhances human power.
- 34. Which of the following items does NOT involve wearable technology?
 - A. Google Glass.

B. The muscle suit.

C. Iron Man's armor.

D. The Spider-Man suit.

- 35. What is the best title of the passage?
 - A. Explore superpowers for human enhancement
 - B. Go beyond Iron Man's shiny armor
 - C. Meet superheroes in real life
 - D. Embrace the unknown world

第二节(共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

It is well-known that food which is full of fat isn't good for your heart. <u>36</u> Australian researchers tested people with asthma(哮喘)before and after a high-fat meal or a low-fat meal. Then they found that the high-fat meal increased inflammation(炎症)and reduced the lung functions.

30 non-obese people with asthma took part in the study, as well as 16 obese adults. The non-obese volunteers received either a high-fat or low-fat meal, while the obese ones were all given a high-fat meal. _____37 The low-fat meal was 13 percent fat.

Four hours after the meal, the researchers found that the airway inflammation increased a lot and lung function was affected in those who had the high-fat meal. And these people saw just a 1 percent improvement in their lung function when they used their inhalers(吸入器)to treat asthma. 38

"If these results can be tested again by further research, this suggests that reducing the amount of fatty food one eats may be useful for managing asthma," said the study's lead author, Lisa Wood, at the Hunter Medical Research Institute in New Lambton. "The number of people in the world with asthma has increased greatly over the past few decades. 39"

Dr Thomas Leath, director at Scott & White Healthcare in Texas, said, "Eating fatty food can lead to obesity, and fat can certainly cause a small amount of inflammation. 40"He doubted whether the effect on lung function was great enough for people to notice, but said the study provided one more reason why people shouldn't have high-fat diets.

A. And one reason is the high-fat Western diet.

- B. Inflammation can be either short-lived or long-lasting.
- C. But now a new study suggests that fatty meals may affect the lung function too.
- D. But I'm surprised that one meal could do this.
- E. The high-fat meal was 50 percent fat.
- F.People are generally considered obese when their body mass index is over 30 kg/m².
- G. Those who ate the low-fat meal saw a 4.5 percent improvement.

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分) 第一节(共15小题,每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

I have grown up in a football-loving family. My elder sister Stevie 41 with Crewe Alexandra Girls for a year or two as a left back just like our hero Jamie Carragher.

He ___45responded by telling me that women's football was "great" and that I could play if I wanted to. "Yeah, I suppose so," I responded, "but no one ___46women's football." Looking back, I can see exactly why I felt like that.

At school, there was an unwritten rule that sports like rugby and football were for the 47. I'd never seen a women's football match on TV and the only 48 athletes I'd heard of were in the Olympics.

Today, I'll be <u>54</u> the Lionesses and the song "It's coming home" will mean more this time around, because it'll mean talented, skillful female footballers being <u>55</u>into millions of homes and maybe, just maybe, a little girl believing that she can also be a Lioness one day.

41. A. talked	B. trained	C. lived	D. stood
42. A. tough	B. rich	C. interested	D. concerned
43. A. shouted out	B. brought up	C. came out	D. showed up
44. A. sad	B. surprised	C. scared	D. satisfied
45. A. eventually	B. completely	C. immediately	D. temporarily
46. A. plays	B. knows	C. likes	D. watches
47. A. students	B. girls	C. teachers	D. boys
48. A. foreign	B. female	C. young	D. top
49. A. take on	B. turn on	C. pick up	D. hold up
50. A. As	B. Although	C. Once	D. Until
51. A. deal	B. charge	C. share	D. wage
52. A. comparison	B. line	C. cooperation	D. competition
53. A. change	B. difference	C. choice	D.disaster
54. A. cheering on	B. agreeing on	C. relying on	D. acting on
55. A. delivered	B.transported	C.broadcast	D. permitted
然一井 汪冲压	/出版 上版 与上版 4 = 八	かけ ハ ュー ハ ヽ	

第二节 语法填空(共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Huizhou enjoys a time-honored history. In 2000, Xidi and the nearby Hongcun village were declared World Heritage sites by UNESCO for their outstanding preservation of rural architecture ____56___(date) back to the Ming and Qing dynasties.

The tourism boom helps to protect and breathe life into the ancient village. A(symbol) paifang, standing at
the entrance to Xidi, 60 (build) in the 16th century in memory of Hu Wenguang, 61 Ming Dynasty
official born in the village who made great62(contribute) to local education and livelihoods. It is the local people's
desire to protect the local historical characteristics that leads to the buildings63(preserve) to this day. Besides
ancient dwellings and paifang, there stand some ancestral halls64 clans(宗族, 家族)will gather to make sacrifices
to their ancestors. With their own unique and marketable value, all these old Huizhou buildings are giving full play 65
their distinctive cultural charm.
第四部分写作(共两节,满分40分)
第一节应用文(满分 15 分)
假如你是李华,你的美国网友 David 参加校园戏曲艺术节获得了一等奖。请根据以下提示写一封英文电子邮件
向他表示祝贺。
内容包括:
1. 祝贺他获奖;
2. 肯定他付出的努力;
3. 期待他为弘扬中国文化做出贡献。
注意:
1. 词数 80 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。
参考词汇: 校园戏曲艺术节 Campus Opera Art Festival
Dear David,

Yours, Li Hua

第二节读后续写 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Next to our house lived an old couple, who, accustomed to country life, were unwilling to move to the city to live with their son and stuck in a lonely existence for many years. It seemed that they didn't feel like making any new connections with others, including their next-door neighbours.

The neighborhood kids nicknamed the strange old couple Crazy Jack and Ruby Rednose. Rumor(流言, 传言)was that they sat inside and drank tea all day. The only words we ever heard from them were "Keep out of our rosebushes!"The rosebushes crawled along the fence. Or rather, they served as a fence between our house and theirs, overgrowing the support.

I was eleven at the time and the oldest of our family girls. A suitable playing court was a headache problem for us when we felt like playing softball games, which was our favourite sport then. We should have played our softball games elsewhere to avoid hurting the roses, but we secretly enjoyed annoying Crazy Jack and Ruby Rednose.

One day,we had a softball game in our yard. Mary was trying to catch a fly ball. She stumbled(绊倒)over one of Ruby Rednose's rosebushes and fell on top of several more. Just at that moment, Ruby Rednose sprang out and ran toward Mary. She screamed angrily, "Look at what you've doneto our family's roses! You've always been a trouble. You have no idea what this rosebush means to me!"

Hearing this, my sisters and I ran into our house. Breathlessly, we told Mom what had happened. "Girls, I have told you not to play softball near those bushes. Come outside right now and help me fix them." "Mom, we thought you didn't like the couple," we protested. "They're mean to us." Mom just glared at us. We followed her outside to help repair the rose fence. While Mom was examining the damaged roses, Ruby slowly walked out. She looked sad. And it wasn't her nose that was

1. 续写词数应为 150 字左右。2. 请按如下格式在答题卡相应位置作答。	
Paragraph 1:	
Ruby walked over to my mother, we girls holding our	
breath	
Paragraph 2:	
A few weeks later, the plants all came back to life	

red, but her eyes.

注意: