

哈 32 中 2023~2024 学年度上学期 9 月考试

英语试题

(考试范围: 综合 适用班级: 高三学年)

I 听力 (30 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What will the weather be like this afternoon?
A. Rainy. B. Windy. C. Sunny.
2. Where does the conversation most probably take place?
A. In an office. B. In a restaurant. C. At home.
3. What does the boy want to be in the future?
A. A lawyer. B. A businessman. C. A professor.
4. What is the man doing?
A. Asking for permission. B. Expressing thanks. C. Offering help.
5. What does the man mean?
A. He'll deliver the luggage by car.
B. He won't take the luggage with him.
C. He doesn't need any help with the luggage.

第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6、7 题。

6. How long will the man stay at the hotel?
A. For 2 days. B. For 4 days. C. For 6 days.
7. What kind of room did the man book?
A. A single room with a big balcony.
B. A double room with a big window.
C. A double room with a big balcony.

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8、9 题。

8. What does the man want to be?
A. A cook. B. A computer programmer. C. A cameraman.
9. Where does the man work now?
A. In a restaurant. B. In a computer company. C. At a school.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. What plays an important role in keeping one healthy according to the man?
A. Doing exercise. B. Having breakfast. C. Drinking enough water.
11. Who's the woman?
A. The man's patient. B. Barry's sister. C. Bob's mother.
12. What is the man's last piece of advice?
A. Having enough sleep.
B. Eating in a healthy way.
C. Drinking a glass of milk every day.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. What upset the man ten years ago?
A. He could no longer run.
B. He caused a car accident.
C. He had no friends around him.
14. How did the man's parents react when he decided to run in the LA Marathon?
A. They felt proud.
B. They encouraged him greatly.
C. They didn't think he would make it.
15. How often did the man train himself?
A. Every day. B. Twice a week. C. Five days a week.
16. What encouraged the man two years ago?
A. A friend's words.
B. A great man's deeds.
C. The LA Marathon runners' spirit.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What do the children prefer to bring in America?
A. The breakfast box. B. The lunch box. C. The supper box.
18. Which meal is the most important meal of the day in America?
A. Breakfast. B. Lunch. C. Dinner.
19. Who usually cooked dinner for their families in the past in America?
A. Women. B. Men. C. Both A and B.
20. What time is dinner usually eaten in America?
A. Between 5 : 00 p. m. and 7 : 00 p. m. .
B. Between 5 : 00 p. m. and 6 : 00 p. m. .
C. Between 6 : 00 p. m. and 7 : 00 p. m. .

II 阅读理解 (每小题 3 分, 共 45 分)

A

that understanding “ahorita” took not a fluency in the language, but rather a fluency in the culture. When someone from Mexico says “ahorita,” it should almost never be taken literally (照字面地); its meaning changes greatly with context. As a linguist told me, “Ahorita could mean tomorrow, in an hour, within five years or never.” It is even used as a polite way of saying “no, thanks” when refusing an offer.

Since I moved to Mexico, my attitude towards time has changed dramatically. I don’t worry so much about being late; I am generally still on time for appointments, but when I’m not, I don’t panic. Ironically, it would seem that “Ahorita Time” has actually allowed me to live far more in the “right now” than I ever did before.

28. Why did the author believe that his ice-cream’s arrival was immediate?

- A. Because the seller told him that it would be served soon.
- B. Because he was confident of the direct translation of “ahorita”.
- C. Because the ice-cream shop was not crowded.
- D. Because he asked about it again and the seller answered the same.

29. What does the underlined word “torn” mean in the third paragraph?

- A. tired.
- B. too hungry to move.
- C. unable to decide.
- D. thirsty.

30. What should be paid attention to when understanding “ahorita”?

- A. A fluency in the culture.
- B. A fluency in the language.
- C. Translating it literally.
- D. Its unchangeable meaning.

31. Which is the best title of the passage?

- A. The importance of understanding foreign cultures
- B. The different meanings of “ahorita”
- C. How interesting Spanish is
- D. The confusing way Mexicans tell time

D

Cats are very smart. They are one of the smartest animals. The brain of a cat is large. It is highly developed. This may be why cats have good memories. Cats remember kindness and cruelty. It is a good idea to treat a cat well. Cats can “speak” too. They meow for attention. Often they stand by a door. Then they meow. Then they look over their shoulders. They want to see if their owners are coming. Cats make other noises also. They purr(猫发出的咕噜声)when they are happy. They hiss when they are angry.

Cats have a lot of pride. They don’t usually do silly tricks. Almost all cats want to have their own way. They are mostly true to only one person. They don’t switch loyalty easily. Cats were free in the wild. They want to stay that way. They like to be their own masters. When a cat is left alone, it can go back to caring for itself. It can live in the wild again. This is different from dogs. Dogs will switch their loyalty. At one time dogs were loyal to the leaders of their packs. Now, they will transfer allegiance(忠诚)to their owner. They do not like to be alone.

With kindness, a cat can be trained. Cats can learn to do many things. Some cats can learn to open doors. Some can ring doorbells. Some can even turn on water tap. Then they take a drink. Cats are very smart. Before drinking, they put a paw in the water. They test whether the water is hot or cold.

32. What is the best title for this passage?

A. The Difference Between Dogs and Cats. B. The Characteristics of Cats.

C. Loyal Animals. D. How to Keep Cats?

33. It’s interesting to have cats around ourselves because _____.

- A. they always switch their loyalty
- B. they like to do silly tricks
- C. they will hiss when they are happy
- D. they are smart and have good memories

34. Many cats like to go outside because they _____.

- A. have paws and sharp teeth.
- B. like freedom
- C. are smarter than dogs
- D. like to enjoy fresh air.

35. The last paragraph mainly shows that _____.

- A. cats can test whether the water is cold or not
- B. cats know how to turn on the water tap
- C. cats are smart
- D. cats know how to open a door

III 完形填空 (每小题 1 分, 共 30 分)

My brother and I were alone in our apartment. My parents had gone for a party and had left me in 36. I was doing my homework while my younger brother was watching television. 37 the doorbell rang. My younger brother rushed to the door thinking that our parents had come home; he unlocked the door and 38 it. Outside, stood a tall man wearing a black raincoat. He said that he was a salesman and asked 39 if our mother or father was at home.

Without 40, my brother said, “No.” He asked if we would like to 41 some comic books, which he was selling. I quickly explained that we were not 42 to buy anything without our parents’ 43. Then, as I was about to close the door, he 44 his way into our house. He took out a 45 and forced me to 46 up my brother’s hands with some rope. I tied up his hands but I tied it in a 47 way so my brother could untie himself. The man then tied my hands up and 48 both of us in the kitchen 49, he went upstairs to search the bedroom for 50. I managed to teach my brother to untie the rope. He then united me. I 51 to the telephone to call the police, but the line was 52. The doors were all locked from the outside. Luckily, the robber 53 to lock the kitchen window. My brother managed to get out of the house 54 the window.

My brother brought the police to our house and the robber was caught. The police 55 us for our good work.

- 36. A. danger B. charge C. surprise D. mess
- 37. A. Carefully B. Quietly C. Loudly D. Suddenly
- 38. A. opened B. shut C. fastened D. held
- 39. A. nervously B. rudely C. politely D. anxiously
- 40. A. thinking B. watching C. waiting D. questioning
- 41. A. read B. keep C. sell D. buy
- 42. A. planned B. supposed C. determined D. pleased
- 43. A. purpose B. money C. permission D. absence
- 44. A. forced B. fought C. felt D. doll
- 45. A. rope B. knife C. stick D. doll

46. A. break B. cover C. dress D. tie
 47. A. fine B. careless C. special D. possible
 48. A. locked B. left C. stationed D. beat
 49. A. Anyway B. Soon C. Still D. Otherwise
 50. A. Saving B. belongings C. nobles D. valuables
 51. A. moved B. headed C. rushed D. knocked
 52. A. dead B. stolen C. off D. short
 53. A. tried B. forgot C. delayed D. preferred
 54. A. over B. by C. through D. in
 55. A. admitted B. rewarded C. admired D. thanked

IV 语法填空 (每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

Located in the north-cast of Italy, Venice is 56 (know) as “The Floating City”. Venice is not a single island. It is made up of over 100 small islands, 57 are connected by waterways and bridges. Even today, boats remain the most common way to travel around. Look anywhere in Venice, 58 you will see 59 (tradition) boats called “gondola”.

60 (fortunate), water is also putting Venice in great danger. The Floating City is, in fact, sinking. But these floods could now be a thing of the past, thanks 61 a new flood prevention project. Dozens of gates have been built to hold back the sea. Each of these gates 62 (be) 20 meters wide, with the longest about 30 meters long, which will be raised to separate the city from the sea.

But only time will tell if this project is the right solution. The important thing is that action is being taken 63 (protect) the city’s future 64 (generation). And if it works, it means 65 longer, drier future for Venice.

V 英汉互译 (10 分)

- | | |
|------------|------------|
| 1.组织 v | 2.呼吸 v |
| 3.惊慌 n | 4.志愿者 n |
| 5.镇静的 adj | 6.毕业 v |
| 7.参考, 查阅 v | 8.改善, 改进 v |
| 9.奋斗, 拼搏 v | 10.机会 n |

VI 书面表达 (25 分)

假如你是李华, 写封电子邮件向你的英国笔友介绍你的新学校和老师。

1. 第一天我对学校的印象深刻
2. 首先, 新学校和我从前的学校一点都不一样
3. 我对我的班主任老师印象深刻, 他热情, 工作态度积极
4. 他的课如此有趣, 以至于我总是很期待

5. 最后, 在老师的指导和鼓励下, 我下定决心积极参加课外活动, 我的同学也是如此
6. 我坚信我们一定会取得巨大进步

注意: 1.词数 100 左右;

2. 可适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯。

Dear Peter,

Li Hua